

Week	Quarter 1	Week	Quarter 3
1	What is Art?/ Aesthetic Experiences / Technology - Inventions Necessary for the Creation of Art	21	What is Art?/ Aesthetic Experiences / Technology - Inventions Necessary for the Creation of Art
2	Elements & Principles of Art/ Analysis vs Critique	22	Elements & Principles of Art/ Analysis vs Critique
3	Photoshop Introduction : Basic Tools/ Vocabulary	23	Photoshop Introduction : Basic Tools/ Vocabulary
4	Composition	24	Composition
5	Text/Typeface/Font	25	Text/Typeface/Font
6	Realism vs. Abstraction /Pop Art	26	Realism vs. Abstraction /Pop Art
7	Photomontage – Paths & Transforming	27	Photomontage – Paths & Transforming
8	Photomontage – Blending	28	Photomontage – Blending
9	History of Art	29	History of Art
10	History of Art/ Technology & Personal Expression	30	History of Art/ Technology & Personal Expression
Week	Quarter 2	Week	Quarter 4
11	What is Art?/ Aesthetic Experiences/ Technology - Inventions Necessary for the Creation of Art	31	What is Art?/ Aesthetic Experiences/ Technology - Inventions Necessary for the Creation of Art
12	Elements & Principles of Art/ Analysis vs Critique	32	Elements & Principles of Art/ Analysis vs Critique
13	Photoshop Introduction : Basic Tools/ Vocabulary	33	Photoshop Introduction : Basic Tools/ Vocabulary
14	Composition	34	Composition
15	Text/Typeface/Font	35	Text/Typeface/Font
16	Realism vs. Abstraction /Pop Art	36	Realism vs. Abstraction /Pop Art
17	Photomontage – Paths & Transforming	37	Photomontage – Paths & Transforming
18	Photomontage – Blending	38	Photomontage – Blending
19	History of Art	39	History of Art
20	History of Art/ Technology & Personal Expression	40	History of Art/ Technology & Personal Expression

Time Frame	Unit: 1 3-4 Days
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Topic

What is Art? What is an Aesthetic Experience?
What Technology Inventions were Necessary in order to Create Art?
 Is Beauty in the Eye of the Beholder?

Essential Questions

- What is Art? What is not Art?
- What is an Aesthetic Experience?
- How do we interpret and understand Art?
- What is art media?
- What Technology inventions were necessary in history in order for visual art to be created?
- What determines “beauty”?

Enduring Understandings

- Art is personal manifestation of understanding and one’s own expression and/or experience.
- Art can be categorized within the Humanities as Literary, Visual or Performing Art.
- Specific inventions through-out history were necessary for visual art to be created and recorded.
- Art can be created using various “media” for visual expression.
- Realize that history and culture can dictate Beauty.

Alignment to NJCCCS

VPA:

AR.9-12.1.1.12.D –Understanding Visual E&P;

AR.9-12.1.2.12.A - History and Culture

AR.9-12.1.4.12.A – Aesthetic Responses

21st C. L&C:

WORK.9-12.1.1.12.B Creativity & Innovation;

WORK. 9-12.9.3.12.C – Career Awareness

TECHNOLOGY:

TECH.9-12.8.2.12.B.4 – Influence of Technology on History

ELA LITERACY:

W. 9-10. 4 – Writing

SL. 9-10. 1.D – Initiate and Respond

Key Concepts and Skills

- Formulate and articulate what Art is and is not to the individual.
- Formulate and articulate what an Aesthetic Experience is to each student.
- Formulate and articulate what various art media are available to artists and define are the differences.
- Assimilate that cultural context and historical effects of “What is beautiful”.
- Understanding and communicating what major technologies and inventions throughout history have shaped the creation of art and computer art.
- Understanding the myriad of computer art career opportunities available to students and begin to formulate personal interests within the field.

Learning Activities

- Collaborative discussion of what Art is/is not.
- Students will articulate and express orally and written what Art is/is not to themselves.
- Collaborative discussion/review of various Aesthetic Experiences
- Students will articulate and express orally and written what an Aesthetic Experience to themselves.

- Cooperative discussion of “What is Beauty”.
- Students will articulate and express orally and written what Beauty is to themselves.
- Student critique: group discussion and individual writing.
- Teacher lead discussion/review of major inventions and technology history.
- Co-operative construction of technology historical timeline.
- Student written articulation of important inventions necessary over the history of time for the creation of visual art.
- Students will articulate and express orally and written what are art media and the difference between them.
- Individualized note taking.
- Brainstorming of career opportunities.
- Student personal reflection of potential career path or future endeavors.

Assessments

- Individual student written reflections
- Verbal quiz games
- Word searches.
- Collaborative technology history time line creation.
- Career opportunity evaluation.

21st Century Skills

X	Creativity	X	Critical Thinking	X	Communication	X	Collaboration
X	Life & Career Skills	X	Information Literacy		Media Literacy		

Interdisciplinary Connections

- ELA - Writing, written expression – Development and Organization of Ideas.
- Technology - Inventions necessary for the creation of Art

Technology Integration

- Individual student computer workstations.
- Teacher driven computer workstation.
- Digital Projector
- LanSchool Application
- PowerPoint Application
- Word Application
- Internet Access
- Google Drive
- School Website

Time Frame	Unit: 2 3-4 Days
Topic	
What are the Elements & Principles of Art? What is the Difference between Analysis and Critique? What do I like and not like in Art? - WHY?	
Essential Questions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How do we interpret and understand Art? • What are and how do the underlying building blocks of art effect the creation of art? 	

- What is the difference between analysis and critique?
- What makes critique valid?

Enduring Understandings

- All Art has specific underlying characteristics which can be used as tools that will help to construct, compare and analyze individual pieces of art work.
- The Elements and Principles of Art are guidelines in the creation of artist's/student's work.
- Art is analyzed and critiqued with the use of The Elements and Principles of Art.
- There is a distinct difference between analysis, interpretation and critique of art.

Alignment to NJCCCS

VPA:

AR.9-12.1.1.12.D –Understanding Visual E&P;

AR.9-12.1.2.12.A - History and Culture

AR.9-12.1.4.12.A – Aesthetic Responses

21st C. L&C:

WORK.9-12.1.1.12.B - Creativity & Innovation

ELA Literacy:

W. (9-10). 4 – Writing

SL (9-10). 1.D – Initiate and Respond

Key Concepts and Skills

- Recognize and classify the Elements and Principles of Art in various works of art.
- Develop and articulate essential vocabulary necessary to critique artwork.
- Formulate and articulate in verbal and written form a student's personal understanding of the difference between analysis, interpretation and critique of art.
- Begin to formulate and articulate in verbal and written form a student's personal artistic style and intention.

Learning Activities

- Collaborative discussion of what Art is/is not.
- Cooperative student participation in PowerPoint presentation on Elements & Principles of Art.
- Students will deconstruct and classify the Elements and Principles of Art in various works created by masters as well as prior students' work.
- Teacher/student dialog on effective critique.
- Student critique: group discussion and individual writing.
- Various game based activities on deconstructing re-known works of art.
- Individualized note taking.
- Student reflections on individual personal style and intention.

Assessments

- Individual student written reflections
- Kahoot game.
- Written quiz.
- Verbal quiz games
- Word search.
- Time line creation.

21st Century Skills

X	Creativity	X	Critical Thinking	X	Communication	X	Collaboration
X	Life & Career Skills	X	Information Literacy		Media Literacy		

Interdisciplinary Connections

- ELA - Writing, Written Expression – Development and Organization of Ideas.
- 21st C – Creativity & Innovation

Technology Integration

- Individual student computer workstations.
- Teacher driven computer workstation.
- Digital Projector
- LanSchool Application
- PowerPoint Application
- Word Application
- Internet Access
- Google Drive
- School Website

Time Frame

Unit: 3 Timing: 4-5 Days

Topic

Photoshop® Introduction and Essential Vocabulary

How to Communicate and Create Art using Photoshop®

Essential Questions

- How can Adobe Photoshop® be a tool in creating art and graphic design?
- How can the Wacom Tablet and Stylus assist the artist in creating art in Photoshop®?
- What are the specific tools included in Photoshop and how do they function in creating art?
- What tool is best suited for a desired result, when multiple options are available in using Photoshop?
- Why is knowledge of basic Art vocabulary essential in creating and analyzing both personal and other's artwork?

Enduring Understandings

- Adobe Photoshop® is merely one tool for the manipulation and creation of art and graphic design.
- Photoshop® offers multiple means to solving design problems, thereby mastering different tools can provide varied effects and different results.
- Mastery and understanding vernacular pertinent to computer art will aid in the creation of one's own successful computer art and graphic design.
- Wacom Tablets and Stylus are important tools in using and manipulating all technology, not just Photoshop®.

Alignment to NJCCCS

VPA:

AR.9-12.1.1.12 – Elements & Principles:

12.1- Common Themes & Cultures; 12.2- Stimuli

AR.9-12.1.2.12A- History & Culture:

12.1 Impact & Responses; 12.2 Personal Expression

AR.9-12.1.3.12 – Synthesis & Creation

21st C L&C:**WORK.9.1.12.E – Communication & Media Fluency****TECHNOLOGY:****TECH.91-2.8.1.12 A – Operations, Concepts & Systems****TECH.9-12-8.1.12B – Creativity and Innovation****ELA-Literacy:****W.9-10.2d - Precise Language and Domain-Specific Vocabulary****Key Concepts and Skills**

- Articulate and demonstrate key Photoshop vocabulary and terminology.
- Demonstrate basic Photoshop skills.
- Demonstrate basic knowledge, use and skill of Wacom Tablets and Stylus.

Learning Activities

- Student lead cooperative review of pre-existing knowledge of Photoshop tools.
- Teacher lead review/guided discussion of new/ Photoshop Tools.
 - Toolbars
 - Palettes
 - Brush Tool
 - Shapes Tool
 - Eraser Tool
 - Text Tool
 - Layers
- Teacher lead review and demonstration of Wacom Tablets/Stylus.
- Cooperative review of Photoshop vocabulary.
- Draw and construct simple sketches with Wacom Tablets and Stylus
- Name creation using Photoshop Brush and Text Tools
- Vocabulary games: word-search; crossword puzzles, matching game.

Assessments

- Student creation of name with Photoshop Brush and Text Tools
- Toolbar matching worksheet
- Kahoot Game
- Toolbar Quiz.
- Vocabulary Quiz
- Monitoring of review/oral participation.
- Student recaps of personal understandings.
- Student reflection on new or additional learnings.

21st Century Skills

	Creativity	X	Critical Thinking		Communication	X	Collaboration
X	Life & Career Skills	X	Information Literacy		Media Literacy		

Interdisciplinary Connections

- 21st C L&C: – Communication & Media Fluency
- Technology – Synthesize and Apply Digital Tools.
- ELA - Precise language and domain-specific vocabulary

Technology Integration

Individual student computer workstations.

- Individual Wacom Tablets and stylus

- Teacher driven computer workstation.
- Digital Projector
- LanSchool Application
- Adobe Photoshop Application
- PowerPoint Application
- Word Application
- Internet Access
- Shared Graphics “Y” Drive
- Google Drive
- LaserJet B&W Printer
- School Website

Time Frame	Unit: 3	Timing 8-10 Days
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Topic

Composition / Text, Typeface & Font

Why Do We Put Things Where We Do?

Essential Questions

- What does “composition” mean in context of art and design?
- What Elements and Principles are basic to all lay-out/composition?
- What are the different meanings of Space?
 - What is the difference between the Element of Art – “Space” and “Spacing”?
 - What is Positive/Negative Space?
- How can one idea be visually represented in different ways?
- What are the subtle differences in presenting an idea in different lay-out/formats?
- How does placing an image on a piece of paper/canvas affect the way the viewer “sees it”?
- How can contrast and emphasis aid in communicating an artist’s concept?
- What is the difference between text, typeface and font? How are they related? How are they different?

Enduring Understandings

- All Art originates from an initial abstract idea.
- Problem solving skills are needed to transform an abstract concept into a concrete form.
- The Elements and Principles of Art can be combined in an infinite number of ways even when given specific limited design constraints.
- Where one “places” various visual elements on a page/canvas can assist/enhance in communicating an artist’s intention, or confuse the viewer’s understanding.
- Imagination and creativity reveal multiple solutions to any given set of parameters.
- Knowledge of different media enables problem solving and execution of the artistic vision.
- Text, Typeface and Font are an important component of visual expression.
- Photoshop possesses an enormous and complex tool to visually represent the written word.
- Contrast, Emphasis and Unity are essential Principles of Art in communicating an artist’s idea.

Alignment to NJCCCS

VPA:

AR.9-12.1.1.12.2 - Elements & Principles - Stimuli

AR.9-12.1.3.12 – Synthesis and Creation

21st C L&C: WORK 9-12.9.1.12B – Creativity and Innovation

TECNOLOGY

TEC.9-12.8.2.12E – Communication and Collaboration

TEC. 9-12.8.2.12.G - The Designed World

ELA-Literacy:

W.9-10.2A – Introduce, Organize & Connect

Key Concepts and Skills

- Identify strong and weak compositions using the E & P vocabulary.
- Proper planning and problem solving skills must be employed in designing and constructing 2-D compositions.
- Multiple self-assessments/revisions during the creative process prevent mistakes and leads to successful outcomes.
- Space and spacing are two different yet important components in visual composition.
- Positive/negative space applies to shapes as well as text and words.
- Full command and demonstration of the complex Text Tool in Photoshop is an important aspect of visual communication using technology.
- Knowledge and application of the basic Photoshop toolbars, palettes and layers coupled with creativity and individual choices in the placement of a required set of parameters can lead to an infinite number of successful compositions.

Learning Activities

- Independent research and inquiry into multiple composition layout/formats.
- Guided review and discussions of various compositions.
- Analysis and discussion of strong/ weak compositions.
- Hands on manual manipulation of various shapes and text boxes for balance and spacing.
- Students will characterize the similarities/differences between various fonts and typeface.
- Conceptualize, organize and construct of an invitation in Photoshop to familiarize students with basic Photoshop toolbars, palettes and layers.
- Research and exploration of logo design.
- Conceptualization and creation of a personal logo to reinforce students understanding of Photoshop application as a means of self-expression.
- Conceptualization and creation of an Alphabet Quilt in Photoshop utilizing a specific “Words to Live By” quote important to each student

Assessments

- On-going teacher evaluation and feed-back during construction.
- Students will: self-critique, group critique.
- Homework investigation, categorization and explanation of invitations, logos and words to live by.
- Individual student thumbnail creation/experimentation of lay-out and composition.
- Individual student classroom manipulation of shapes and text boxes.
- Creation and submission for major project evaluation Invitations, Logos and Alphabet Quilts.

21st Century Skills

X	Creativity	X	Critical Thinking	X	Communication		Collaboration
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Interdisciplinary Connections

- ELA - Writing, written expression – Development of Ideas / Introduce, Organize & Connect.
- Technology – Use/Application of technology systems – Communication & Collaboration

Technology Integration

- Individual student computer workstations
- Individual Wacom tablets and stylus
- Teacher driven computer workstation
- Digital Projector
- LanSchool Application
- Adobe Photoshop Application
- PowerPoint Application
- Word Application
- Internet Access
- Shared Graphics “Y” Drive
- Google Drive
- LaserJet B&W Printer & LaserJet Color Printer
- School Website

Time Frame | **Unit: 4 5-6 Days**

Topic

REALISM vs. ABSTRACTION

How Can We Communicate VISUALLY with more than a photograph?

Essential Questions

- What is the difference between Realism and Abstraction?
- How did the Pop Art affect the history of art and the way we visually communicate?
- What are the differences between a Hero, Idol and Celebrity? Who is a Hero to you?
- How can abstraction enhance the artist’s message? How can abstraction aid the viewer’s response?
- What Elements and Principles of Art are the most important factors in an abstract composition?
- What Photoshop tools can assist the artist in creating abstract compositions?
- What legal parameters exist when using images/photographs from the Internet?
- How are resolution, image size and computer file size linked and what parameters are necessary to know before importing an image from the Internet into Photoshop and/or creating new files in Photoshop?

Enduring Understandings

- Realism and Abstraction are both means of communicating an artist’s vision and have different means of engaging the viewer.
- The Pop Art movement changed what was acceptable imagery for visual communication.
- It is important to have heroes in your life to formulate personal moral and social values.
- Color is an essential Element of Art to engage the viewer and express the artist’s intent.
- Photographs and images on the Internet are subject to copyright and legal laws and cannot be reproduced without permission by the owner.
- Photoshop is a tool and means of allowing the artist to communicate visually but must be utilized legally.
- There are different types of files available on the Internet and only certain file types and sizes are compatible with Photoshop.
- Knowing the length, width and resolution of a Photoshop file is essential when importing that image

into another Photoshop file.

Alignment to NJCCCS

VPA:

AR.9-12.1.1.12 Elements and Principles

AR.9-12.1.1.12 History of Arts & Culture

AR.9-12.1.3.12.D Synthesis and Creation

AR.9-12.1.412. A&B Aesthetic Response & Critique

21st C L&C:

WORK.9-12.9.1.12.E – Communication and Media Fluency

TEHCNOLOGY:

TECH.9-12.8.1.12.D - Digital Citizenship

TECH.9-12.8.2.12.F – Resources for a Technology World

TECH.9-12.8.2.12.G – The Designed World

ELA:

W. (9-10). 4 – Writing

SL (9-10). 1.D – Initiate and Respond

Key Concepts and Skills

- Formulate, identify and conclude the differences between a hero, idol and celebrity.
- Identify and articulate who is a specific hero/role model to each student and explain why.
- Targeting and combining specific Elements and Principles of Art can demonstrate strong compositions effectively.
- Importing photographs and images into Photoshop from the Internet are subject to copyright and legal laws.
- Use and manipulation of copyrighted images from the Internet require permission from the owner to use Photoshop as a tool to change and manipulate those images enough to make them their own.
- Importing different files, i.e. JPG's, Bitmaps, PNG's, etc. from the Internet will result in successful or unsuccessful functioning in Photoshop.
- Understanding file size and the use of basic multiplication is essential in determining length and width of new Photoshop files.

Learning Activities

- Students will define what a hero, idol and celebrity are to them personally.
- Students will identify, compare and contrast the differences between Realism, Abstract Expressionism and Pop Art.
- Students will formulate and select a “hero” important to themselves.
- Students will review case law on copyright infringement regarding utilization and reproduction of images from the Internet.
- Students will demonstrate the proper procedure for importing images from the Internet into Photoshop.
- Students will use basic multiplication to determine new file sizes in Photoshop.
- Students will create a “Pop Art” hero utilizing Photoshop Paint Brush and Image/Adjustment tools.
- Students will create an “Abstraction” of their hero utilizing Photoshop Filters.

Assessments

- Students will compose, articulate and explain in writing what the differences between a hero, idol and celebrity are who a hero is to them is and why.
- On-going teacher evaluation and feed-back during creation.
- Students will self, peer and group critique projects.

- Students will submit individual projects for teacher evaluation.

21st Century Skills

X	Creativity	X	Critical Thinking	X	Communication	X	Collaboration
	Life & Career Skills		Information Literacy		Media Literacy		

Interdisciplinary Connections

- ELA - Writing and Expression – Development of Ideas and Organization.
- Math – Identification of length and width of existing files coupled with basic multiplication necessary to create new file sizes in Photoshop.
- Technology – Synthesis and Creation of Digital Tools.

Technology Integration

- Individual student computer workstations.
- Individual Wacom Tablets and stylus
- Teacher driven computer workstation.
- Digital Projector
- LanSchool Application
- Adobe Photoshop Application
- PowerPoint Application
- Word Application
- Internet Access
- Google Drive
- Shared Graphics “Y” Drive
- LaserJet B&W Printer
- Color Printer
- School Website

Time Frame	Unit: 5 Timing: 7-9 Days
Topic	
PHOTOMONTAGE	
How to Communicate with Multiple Images. Is it Real or Not?	
Essential Questions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How and when did Photomontage commence? What major events in world history contributed to creation of Photomontage as an art form? • How can Photoshop and what specific tools can be used to express an artist vision? • What Elements and Principles of Art are used differently in Photomontage than other art media? • What is juxtaposition? How can juxtaposition be used for the viewer to better to communicate understanding, meaning and/or clarity? • What is Scale? What is Proportion? • What tools in Photoshop are best suited for maintaining scale and proportion for Unity? • What tools in Photoshop make the selection and importing of images into a new document easier to express the artist’s intent? • What tools in Photoshop are best suited for blending to further strengthen Unity? 	
Enduring Understandings	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The evolution of Photomontage is re-formulating 21st Century culture and communication. • Artists can utilize juxtaposition to rearrange images to create new meaning for the viewer. • Everything you see in a photograph is not real. Visual images can be “selected” from one image and “copy and pasted” into another to “fool” the viewer. 	

- Understanding and successful command of the “Paths” and “Selections” tools in Photoshop are essential to artist’s visual communication.
- Understanding and successful command of the “Blending” tools in Photoshop are essential to artist’s visual communication.

Alignment to NJCCCS

V.P.A: AR.9-12.1.1 - Elements & Principles
AR.9-12.1.2.A - History of Arts & Culture
AR.9-12.1.3 – Synthesis & Creating
AR.9-12.1.4.12.A&B - Aesthetic Response & Critique

21st C. L&C:
WORK.9-12.9.12.B - Creativity and Innovation
WORK.9-12.9.1.12.E – Communication and Media Fluency

TECHNOLOGY:
TEC.9-12.8.1.12B – Creativity and Innovation
TEC.9-12.8/212.F – Resources for a Technological World

ELA:
W. 9-10. 4 – Writing
RI. 9-10 .1 - Cite Textual Evidence and Infer from Informational Texts.

Key Concepts and Skills

- Comprehension of the evolution of Photomontage is a means of identifying how technology, history and socio-political issues can be combined to create art.
- Visual juxtaposition and reorganization of visual images by an artist can create clarity OR confusion for the viewer.
- Understanding, utilizing and mastering the Photoshop Paths and Selections is an essential and important function of the Photoshop application.
- Understanding, utilizing and successful command of the “Blending” tools in Photoshop are essential to artist’s visual communication.

Learning Activities

- Students will research and identify the major events contributing to the history of Photomontage.
- Students
- Students will learn and utilize the Path tool in Photoshop by cutting out images from Plan 59 and reassembling into a visual collage with a theme of their choosing.
- Students will expand their expertise by transforming images utilizing 8 different images from Plan 59 into another image, focusing on scale, proportion, light source and shadows for complete Unity of a final image.
- Students will formulate a visual play-on-words/pictogram utilizing Photoshop Path, Transforming and Blending tools.

Assessments

- Individual student research on the Internet and completion of a study guide on the history of Photomontage.
- On-going teacher evaluation and feed-back during construction.
- Students will self, peer and group critique.
- Students will submit individual projects for teacher evaluation.

21st Century Skills

X	Creativity	X	Critical Thinking	X	Communication		Collaboration
	Life & Career Skills	X	Information Literacy	X	Media Literacy		

Interdisciplinary Connections

- ELA – Writing, written expression – Development of Ideas.
- Technology – Synthesis, Creation, Digital Tools, Research & Fluency

Technology Integration

- Individual student computer workstations.
- Individual Wacom Tablets and stylus
- Teacher driven computer workstation.
- Digital Projector
- LanSchool Application
- Adobe Photoshop Application
- PowerPoint Application
- Word Application
- Internet Access
- Shared Graphics “Y” Drive
- Google Drive
- LaserJet B&W Printer
- LaserJet Color Printer

Time Frame

Unit: 6 Timing: 6-8 Days

Topic

HISTORY OF ART

Understanding How Artists Influenced Each Other Since the Renaissance.

Essential Questions

- What major historical and technological events contributed to the history of Art?
- What is the difference between and Art Movement and an Artist’s style?
- How do artists influence and affect other artists of their generation and subsequent artists?
- What Elements and Principles of Art define and classify particular Movements of Art?
- What Element and Principles of Art define and classify an artist’s style?
- What artist(s)/art movement(s) influence your personal perception of art?

Enduring Understandings

- Cultural and historical events impact art making as well as how the viewer responds to works of art.
- Stimuli for the creation of artworks come from many places, including other arts disciplines.
- Contextual clues within artworks often reveal artistic intent, enabling the viewer to hypothesize the artist’s concept.
- Artistic styles, trends, movements and historical responses to various genres of art evolve over time.
- Artists develop and express individual personal style based on other styles, trends, movements, historical and current events.
- The cohesiveness of a work of art and its ability to communicate a theme or narrative can be directly affected by the artist’s technical proficient as well as by the manner and physical context in which it is shown.
- Art and art making reflect and affect the role of technology in a global society.

Alignment to NJCCCS

V.P.A: AR.9-12.1.1.12 Elements and Principles

AR.9-12-1.2 History of Art & Culture

AR.9-12.1.4.12.A&B - Aesthetic Response & Critique

21st C L&C:**WORK.9.1.12 A –Critical Thinking; 9.1.12.B - Creativity; 9.1.12.E – Communication****TECHNOLOGY:****TEC.9-12.8.1.12.A –Tech Operations and Concepts****TEC.9-12.8.2.12.C – Communication and Collaboration****TEC.9-12.8.1.12.D - Digital Citizenship****TEC.9-12.8.1.12.E – Research and Information Literacy****ELA - Literacy:****RI. 9-10 .1 - Cite Textual Evidence and Infer from Informational Texts.****W.9-10.2 - Write Informative/Explanatory Texts****SL. 9-10. 1.D - Initiate and Respond to Texts and Issues Verbally****Key Concepts and Skills**

- Students will research, investigate, examine, and analyze a specific art movement and group or artists utilizing various pertinent and accurate Internet/web resources.
- Students will assess and conclude the major contributing factors to this art movement/group of artists.
- Students will construct and produce a PowerPoint presentation collaboratively with a partner(s) on their art movement.
- Students will explain and describe the art movement and its major artists, paintings and contributions to their peers via an oral PowerPoint presentation (time permitting).
- Students will collect necessary information to create a Bibliography in MLA format.

Learning Activities

- Students will research, investigate, examine, and analyze a specific art movement and group or artists utilizing various pertinent and accurate Internet/web resources.
- Students will assess and conclude the major contributing factors to this art movement/group of artists.
- Students will construct and produce a PowerPoint presentation collaboratively with a partner(s) on their art movement.
- Students will explain and describe the art movement and its major artists and paintings to their peers via an oral PowerPoint presentation
- Students will collect information necessary to create a Bibliography in MLA format.

Assessments

- On-going teacher evaluation and feed-back during creation.
- Students will self, peer and group critique.
- Students will create and present final projects for peer and teacher evaluation.
- Students will create Bibliography/Work Cited in MLA format based on their Internet research.
- Students will synthesis and write a reflection based on their art movement/artists and those presented by their peers.

21st Century Skills

X	Creativity	X	Critical Thinking	X	Communication	X	Collaboration
X	Life & Career Skills	X	Information Literacy	X	Media Literacy		

Interdisciplinary Connections

- 21st Century Skills - Research and Analysis
- ELA – Reading Comprehension of Key Ideas and Details
- ELA – Writing, Written Expression – Organization
- ELA – Speaking/Listening - Responding

- Technology - Research and Information Literacy

Technology Integration

- Individual student computer workstations.
- Individual Wacom Tablets and stylus
- Teacher driven computer workstation.
- Digital Projector
- LanSchool Application
- PowerPoint Application
- Word Application
- Internet Access
- Shared Graphics “Y” Drive
- Google Drive
- LaserJet B&W Printer
- LaserJet Color Printer

Time Frame | **Unit: 7** **Timing: 7-8 Days**

Topic

HISTORY OF ART / PERSONAL EXPRESSION and TECHNOLOGY

Using Photoshop as a Tool for Personal Expression

Essential Questions

- What is it that I want to express as an artist?
- What Elements and Principles of Art are most important to me to express my artistic vision to the viewer?
- What Photoshop Tools are most important to me to in expressing my viewpoint?
- In specific practical projects what limitations does technology place on my personal expression or vision?
- Why is Unity one of the most important Principles of Art in creating art, and what tools of Photoshop are best used to achieve Unity?
- How is who owns a painting today relevant to my ability to utilize that image in my personal art created for myself or others?

Enduring Understandings

- As an artist there are in infinite number of ways to combine the Elements and Principles of Art to express myself.
- Looking at what other artists have accomplished previously will assist me in executing my personal artistic choices and vision.
- Photoshop is merely one technical (but powerful) tool to assist in creating art and expressing my artistic expression.
- Scale, proportion and blending are important aspects of creating a unified piece of Art, and mastery of specific Photoshop Tools are integral in creating complex and well executed digital images.
- Trap space and clipping are important components for lay-out and the viewer’s ease/difficulty in “visually reading/understanding” a composition.
- Visual image copyright laws pertain to all Photoshop projects created by me and others.

Alignment to NJCCCS

V.P.A.:

AR.9-12.1.1.12 – Elements & Principles

AR9-12.1.3.12.D - Visual Synthesis & Creation

AR.9-12.1.4.12.A & B - Aesthetic Response & Critique

21st C. L&C:

WORK. 9.1.12.A – Critical Thinking & Problem Solving

WORK.9-12.9.1.12.B – Creativity and Innovation

TECHNOLOGY

TEC.9-12.8.1.12.A – Tech. Operations and Concepts

TEC.9-12.8.1.12.B – Creativity and Innovation

TEC.9-12.8.2.12.C – Tech. Citizenship, Ethics & Society

TEC.9.12.8.2.12.F – Resources for Tech. World

ELA:

RI. 9-10 .1 - Cite Textual Evidence and Infer from Informational Texts.

SL 9-10. 1.D - Initiate and Respond to Texts and Issues Verbally

Key Concepts and Skills

- Demonstrate and execute a higher level of complexity and difficulty of Photoshop tools and processes.
- Utilize Photoshop as tool to create art in the style of a famous artist, incorporating the Principles of Art of Balance and Unity through composition, blending and color adjusting.
- How to create a unique and personal visual expression, yet within specific and certain technical limitations and restrictions.
- How to successfully minimize trap space and clipping in Photoshop for visual clarity, balance and unity.

Learning Activities

- Teacher lead review of trap space and clipping theory.
- Students will research and explore various successful/unsuccessful uses of trap space and clipping.
- Students will create a painting in the style of an artist they admire demonstrating high proficiency in ALL Photoshop tools learned.
- Students will create a “Visual Bibliography” of a particular artist, incorporating the official title of the painting, date it was created and who currently owns the painting for copyright law protection purposes, utilizing proper trap space and minimizing clipping keeping in mind Balance and Unity.
- Students will recreate an image that intrigued them at the beginning of the course, utilizing and demonstrate all of their Photoshop learnings and skills. (Differentiated instruction/time permitting).

Assessments

- On-going teacher evaluation and feedback during creation.
- Students will self, peer and group critique.
- Students will submit a small visual bibliography for understanding and demonstration of trap space and clipping.
- Students will submit final projects for teacher evaluation.

21st Century Skills

X	Creativity	X	Critical Thinking	X	Communication	X	Collaboration
X	Life & Career Skills	X	Information Literacy	X	Media Literacy		

Interdisciplinary Connections

- 21st Century Skills - Research and Analysis
- Technology – Research/Information – Digital Citizenship – Synthesis/Creation
- ELA - Reading Comprehension of Key Ideas and Details

Technology Integration

- Individual student computer workstations.
- Individual Wacom Tablets and stylus
- Teacher driven computer workstation.
- Digital Projector
- LanSchool Application
- Adobe Photoshop Application
- PowerPoint Application
- Word Application
- Internet Access
- Shared Graphics “Y” Drive
- Google Drive
- LaserJet B&W Printer
- LaserJet Color Printer